

OECD Review: Recommendations on NSC



Overarching Objective:-

“The National Skills Council (NSC) aims to create opportunities for engaging stakeholders in shaping skills policy priorities”

To do so:-

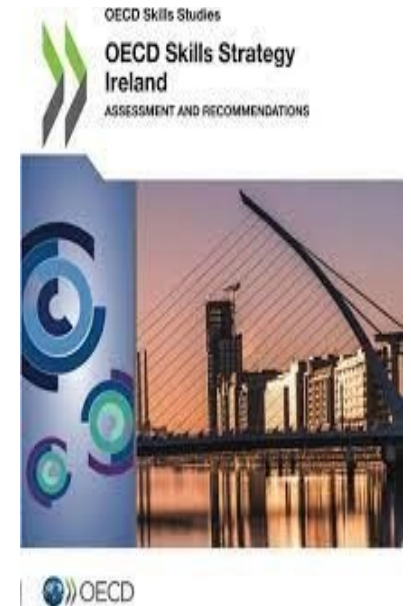
Primarily position NSC as the National Stakeholder Body to Government on Skills Policy

Revise the National Skills Council's TOR

Improve its visibility & raise awareness of its work

Ensure representative from a wider range of relevant non-governmental stakeholders

Foster accountability with regard to its advice



NSC Reform July 2024



❖ Previous Council established 2017

Membership = 21

Government Departments & State Agencies (13) Representative of public and training providers (3)
individual employers, including Chair (5)
No Social Partners / Employer Bodies or Trade Unions - lacked diversity.

❖ New Council established by Minister in July 2024

Entirely composed of non-governmental stakeholders

Membership = 15

(9) Enterprise/Industry: Chairperson + 8 Members (Expressions of Interests (EOI) process)
(4) Social Partners: Employer Bodies & Trade Unions (nominations)
(2) Experts (transversal skills and labour market intelligence)
No Governmental Departments & State Agencies or Representatives of Education and Training Providers.



NSC – Innovative Partnership on Skills



Our Ambition for Reform of NSC

- Expert and authoritative in highlighting impact of mega-trends in “real world” of industry and enterprise
- Develop and communicate strategic advice to the Minister and Government & public on step-change required in in skills policy & delivery
- Identify and advocate scaling—up and mainstreaming of existing best practices in skills and human capital development in Ireland
- Drive more efficient, impactful and co-ordinated approach to stakeholder engagement in co-design of education and training provision
- Spearhead essential need to secure improved matching of skills supply with demand for skills
- **HLSIG drives collaborative responses across government**